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Lethbridge Imperial Coal
\$7.50 per ton, delivered
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Western Globe

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Farm Machinery

I have a John Deere Power Hay Press, nearly new, which I will sell now at a Snap.

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VOLUME XI OFFICE: 25 BATHURST, Editor and Manager LACOMBE, WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 5, 1916 ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

Electric Lamps

All our ELECTRIC LAMPS TESTED before being sold. We carry the

Northern Light

and it has given good satisfaction.

100 Candle Power Tungston, price	75c
60 Candle Power Tungston, price	50c
40 Candle Power Tungston, price	35c
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2 to 16 Candle Power Carbon,	15c

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HARDWARE FURNITURE IMPLEMENTS

ESTABLISHED 1864
Paid up Capital and Reserves
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DEPOSITS RECEIVED—Record your business transactions through this office and receive the benefits and protection a Bank Account affords.

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MONEY TRANSFERS made at reasonable rates.

ADVANCES made to assist and encourage legitimate business.

Lacombe Branch—**W. A. SHIELDS, Mgr.**
Documents and Valuables held for our clients free of charge.

We Offer

ONE REASON ONLY WHY YOU SHOULD INSURE IN
The Lacombe Farmers' Mutual
"IT'S AS GOOD AS THE BEST."

Note the following

Improved Quarter Section at Erskine and cash to trade for improved Half Section near Lacombe.
\$240 mortgage to trade for stock.
160 acres, 2 miles from town. Price \$8.00 per acre; balance, 10 payments; 5 per cent. interest.

Jesse Fraser Agency
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Handy Heat

In allaying pain there is nothing more successful or practical than the use of heat. Heat is most easily applied through the use of a good Hot Water Bottle. Our

Hot Water Bottles

are of the real-rubber kind. Keep plenty of them on hand during cold weather. Use them to overcome pain and also use them to comfort your cold feet. In your home there should be a Hot Water Bottle for every pair of feet.

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THE LEADING HARNESS SHOP

Dr. Hess' Guaranteed Stock Tonic

12 lbs. package.....	\$1.00
25 lbs.	2.25
50 lbs.	3.75
100 lbs.	7.00
10 lbs. Hog Worm Powder,	1.00

Pan-a-c-a 'to make hens lay'; full line Royal Purple Stock Tonic; Chicken Spice; Grit and Shell; Balsam of Myrrh. Guaranteed for all Skin Diseases.

Trunks, Grips, Robes and Blankets

W. L. ELLIOTT
Nanton Street Lacombe, Alberta

Men's Coon Coats

Splendid Quality; Natural Skins. Excellent value at \$100, for
\$75.00

Only two Coats left, and when you consider the present advanced price of raw furs you will realize the wonderful value we are offering.

Men's All Felt Laced Shoes

\$2.50 quality, for
\$2.00

\$3.50 Women's Felt Shoes \$2.50

Fine quality Buckle Shoes, faced with kid.

Men's and Boy's Fleeced Lined Underwear

Men's sizes, 75c. quality, for
50c
Boys' sizes, 50c. quality, for
35c

Men's Pyjamas

Of Extra Quality English Flannel, slightly counter-soiled.
\$2.00 quality, for
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\$1.25 Men's Winter Caps. Fur Band, for
75c

Men's Army Flannel Shirts

Men's Army Flannel Shirts. A Special Bargain at
\$1.90

McLEOD'S

January Remnant Sale

We start the New Year with a Big Bargain Sale. All Oddments, Short Ends, Left Overs and Counter Soiled Goods, together with goods that we are overstocked with will be placed on the Bargain Counters at a fraction of their real worth. Our energies will be chiefly devoted to clearing these stocks.

Our Guarantee of Money Back if goods not as represented goes with every sale.

Clearing Prices

On Women's Winter Coats that accurately present Fashion's Latest Phase.

\$20.00 Coats for	\$12.50
\$30.00 Coats for	\$18.00
\$14.00 to \$17.50 Coats for	\$8.90

Women's Russian Pony Coat

Of Beautiful Glossy Short Furred Skins; Belt at Back; large collar; full satin lining; size 36. \$65.00 value for
\$45.00

Women's Dresses

Of Serge, Panama, and Corduroy. All reduced to
Half Price

Women's and Misses Skirts

In Tweeds and Navy Serge. Remnant Price,**\$2.90**

Women's Satin Underskirts

In Black and Colors. Values up to \$3.75, for**\$1.90**

GROCERY REMNANTS

NELSON PURE FRUIT JAM, Strawberry and Raspberry, Per pail,**50c**
APPLES, in crates,**\$1.25**
Only a few crates left.

MATLAND FLOUR,**\$2.50**
WALNUT PICKLES, 40c. bottle for**25c**
CRANBERRIES, 2 lbs., for**25c**

A Table piled full of Remnants of Dress Goods, Prints, Ginghams, White Cotton, Toweling, Table Linen, Sheeting, etc.

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At Very Moderate Prices, that Gives Perfect Satisfaction.

Millinery Remnants

Trimmed Hats, **\$1.00**
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Women's Knitted Corset Covers, with long sleeves,
35c

Little Girls' Kilted Jersey Suits

Little Girls' Kilted Jersey Suits, to fit 3 to 5 years. Up to \$3.50 quality,
\$2.00

Children's Knitted Underskirts

Children's Knitted Underskirts, of Pure Wool dark Red Yarn, made with waist and shoulder straps.
\$1.50 value for \$1.00

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Sizes 8 to 15 years,
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Sizes 3 to 5 years. \$5.00 quality, for
\$2.90

Girl's Serge Dresses

Sizes 3 to 10 years, at
Half Price

Women's Neck Furs and Muffs

Women's Neck Furs and Muffs. All reduced to
Half Price

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Barnett Ave.**ARNOLD'S****Lacombe****BUSINESS BETTER THAN USUAL****Men's 3 Buckle Overshoes**
\$2.75**Men's 2 Buckle Overshoes**
\$2.50**Men's 1 Buckle Overshoes**
\$1.40 and \$2.00**Women's 2 Buckle Over-**
shoes \$2.00.**Women's Cloth Top Rub-**
bers \$1.10

Distributors of King's Quality and Castle brands of Flour. The best products for the least money.

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Now is the time to replenish your underwear. Our Stock of Underwear is complete and prices reasonable. Don't delay. You will have to meet a strong advance in price next season, as Woolen goods are rapidly becoming unobtainable.

WINTER CAPS, MITTENS,
SWEATERS, SOX, SHIRTS**Good Dairy Butter and Fresh Eggs****McCALL**and
FOOTWEAR

Give Us Your Grocery Orders

PROMPT DELIVERY.**PHONE 89****PATTERNS**and
Magazines**Opposite Fortune's Livery Stable****Germans Have Lost**
3,500,000 Men to Date

Taking up the German losses in the war, Hilaire Belloc, the foremost writer on military topics in Europe, discusses the present strength of the kaiser. Making clear that his figures are estimates only, he declares he proposes to analyze the estimates made by a neutral American. Mr. Belloc's article was written before the official figures of the losses were published a few days ago at Berlin. The total loss is placed at 2,524,400. The article uses the figures of the Swiss Colonel Feyler, who is one of the highest authorities in Europe.

(By Hilaire Belloc)

As a foundation to all his calculations, Colonel Feyler arrives at a total mobilized German force of seven and three-quarter millions, exclusive of the class of 1916-17.

He does not believe the German empire has been able to put into the field as much as eight million men. He notes that the young men who are growing up and can be pressed into the service this winter of next spring (the young men who were nineteen in the present year and many of those who were only eighteen in the present year) must be allowed for—say more than 600,000 and less than 800,000. But at any rate he takes for the original force, exclusive of these two young classes, the number seven and three-quarter millions.

In the estimates the phrase "little more than eight millions" has always been used, or its equivalent.

Precisely because there would probably be a tendency, and certainly an accusation, of bias toward underestimating these numbers, one deliberately overestimates them, and this figure of eight millions or a little over we see in the calculations of the most eminent neutral engaged upon the task reduced to seven and three-quarter millions.

Colonel Feyler takes from the census of 1910 the total manpower then available of the men who would be of military age five years later. He then deducts deaths on the analogy of the known Swiss death rate in those years, and he scales this down from 3.8 per cent, which the Swiss analogy would give to 3.3 per cent, so as to be on the safe side.

From the figure thus arrived at he does not, as I did, take 25 per cent. at one operation, yet he arrives at exactly the same conclusion by following the Swiss figures for the two classes, (A), the "less fit," (B) the "edged" as units at the moment of examination.

I may point out that this convergence of results is remarkable precisely because the results are arrived at in such totally different fashions.

Next Colonel Feyler proceeds to deduct the numbers of men who must be kept behind (though medically fit) for various civilian purposes, police, railways, mines, munitions, etc.

For the sake of safety I estimated a million and a half only. Colonel Feyler goes through the navy, the railway, the postal services, the clerical work, the police, the factories, the mines, etc., and arrives at a minimum of 1,800,000.

In the matter of the number required for the units in the field and upon communications, Colonel Feyler, as used and quoted by the American authority I am following, gives four million men, I have said: "Not more than four and one-fourth millions and not less than three and three-fourths millions." And to weigh the scales against our bias on the allied side I have admitted a minimum of three and three-fourths millions. But the higher figure of four millions is far more probable, and Colonel Feyler, if I am not mistaken, adopts it as his minimum unreservedly.

There would remain then (exclusive of the classes '16 and '17) three and three-quarter million men, and everything depends upon what estimates of losses we admit.

If the German empire is approaching in one way and another a loss of three and three-quarter million men "off the strength," it has come to a level of its efficient reserves (with the exception of the two younger classes).

We discover after nearly seventeen months of fighting—the German losses are equivalent or nearly equivalent to what was the efficient original German reserve of man power at the beginning of the war—excluding the younger classes '16 and '17.

Now, this American estimate of the probable losses of the Germans lower, it presupposes no greater net loss today (say to new year) than somewhat over two and a half million—five-sevenths only of the estimates arrived at here. But I propose to show that the very method employed, though it gives lower enemy losses than I had given, confirms my estimates when the defects in the method of estimation are closely analyzed.

An official German report issued in September gave the German casualties up to July 31 at 2,640,000.

But this fundamental figure suffers under criticism.

In the first place it does not deal with twelve months of war but with just over eleven months.

The heavy fighting and the proportionately heavy losses did not begin on the 31st of July. It is not the date from which full casualties must be counted. Those casualties only begin to be heavy and, as it were, normal three weeks later with the battle in front of Metz, the heavy fighting of Charleroi and Mons, with the advance of the first considerable eastern forces, against Russia and with the victory of Tannenberg at the very end of the month.

We are really dealing, even if the statistics were complete, not with 12 months of war, but with little over eleven and therefore with an average—even upon this rough calculation alone—of more like 240,000 a month than 220,000.

and have remained much heavier. In the third place (and this is of still greater weight) the type of the fighting and the proportionate casualties changed very much with and after the battle of the Marne. That is with and after the middle of September.

In other words, the really heavy German losses, come in more or less continuous bouts which cover up to the 31st of July, 1915, not twelve months and not even a full eleven months. The rate of losses, taking this official statement alone was, after the heaviest fighting had begun, approximately a quarter of a million, or rather more, per month.

But the fourth point is more luminous than any of these three. Take the German official statement published last September, and purporting to give total casualties up to the end of July as 2,640,000.

But that official statement is not accurate. It is demonstrably below the mark by estimates of How do we know this? We know it by contrasting Prussian lists, including Baden with those of the other German states. The 2,640,000, which purport to be the total casualties up to the 31st of July are composed of 900,000 for the smaller German states and 1,740,000 for Prussia and Baden.

That proportion is impossible. The smaller German states, amounting to almost exactly one-quarter of the German forces, Prussia and Baden to almost exactly the other three-quarters. If the smaller German states were losing 900,000, Prussia in proportion, was not losing 1,700,000, but 2,700,000.

The smaller German states have indeed suffered more heavily in proportion, up to this autumn at least, than Prussia has; but the excess is not 5 per cent. Therefore the figure 1,700,000 for Prussian casualties alone up to the 31st of July cannot be accepted.

Where the smaller states lost 900,000 Prussia and Baden together must have lost a great deal more than 1,700,000. The exact proportion would be 2,700,000.

The fifth point is that there is no mention in these figures of the sick and of those disabled in the field, or of those who have been wounded in action.

Next, the figure of one-third for returned casualties is far too high.

That is a point upon which any amount of misconception has arisen. It is confused with the number discharged as "cured" from particular hospitals; with the total number available for any service however light, etc.

All that counts in war as a true "return" is the man who, having fallen sick or having been wounded, actually returns to his original duties—not "any service," and can be maintained there. If of a total casualty list (dead, missing, prisoners, wounded, sick) you take a quarter to represent these who are not over-estimated.

in proportion to their numbers though they are always some-where on the offensive on such extended fronts. Unless their experience is utterly unlike our own or the French—or anything known in the history of war—they have now, at the close of the year, not less than three and a half millions of the strength of their original man power, and probably more.

A YEAR OF WAR FROM
THE FRENCH VIEWPOINT

Paris, Dec. 30.—Five significant events punctuated the year just drawing to its close as seen from the French point of view: The Battle of Champagne, the Balkan muddle, the change of governments, the creation of an Inter-Allied War Council, and the nomination of General Joffre as commander-in-chief of all the French armies, whatever the theatre of operations.

On the whole, France regards the past year as one without brilliancy so far as she is concerned. Her victories have been rather negative. While her enemy has been making some great runs around the ends she and those fighting with her have succeeded in keeping the ball pretty well in the middle of the field. The first half of the game seems about over; the Teutons have the ball, but there have been no touchdowns. That is about the way the common-sense Frenchman sizes up the situation at the close of 1915.

The battle of Champagne was important because it was the very first battle to be fought under present, trench-perfect conditions; it gave the French soldier a proper measure of the enemy and a proper measure of himself. Though no important strategic point was gained by this victory, undoubtedly it will have its effect on 1916 operations because it settled several important points.

The Inter-Allied War Council leads Frenchmen to believe that the mistakes of the past are not likely to be repeated; from now on they have determined that the war plans of the Allies will dovetail and that, the coming year will register some real results.

The Balkan muddle has given France more anxiety, perhaps, than any other phase of the year 1915. Frenchmen openly admit failure there both diplomatically and militarily. Greece three times offered to join the Allies, once even before the battle of the Marne in 1914, but each time she was refused admission. Then when the Allies had fallen down at the Dardanelles and in Bulgaria, and asked her to come in, she had changed her mind. It is admitted in certain circles that France and the Allies acted in concert, and at the proper time, there is not the slightest doubt that Greece would have led the dance, that Bulgaria and Roumania would today be fighting on the Allies' side, and that the motioned flag of Germany's opponents would today be floating over the minarets of Constantinople.

The resignation of Theophile Delcasse, considered one of the greatest of Frenchmen, from the office of minister of foreign affairs, was due uniquely to the Balkan developments. Some say he opposed the sending of troops to Salonika; others declare he long ago advocated Big Stick methods in the Near East, and that because his diplomacy there was not strongly enough backed up, King Ferdinand joined hands with the kaiser instead of with the Allies. Take your choice. Whatever his reasons for resign-

ing, his departure was the occasion of a complete reorganization of the government, Premier Rene Viviani resigning to make way for M. Aristide Briand. The presence of M. Briand as prime minister is significant. He is known as a man of action, of initiative and strong measures.

The nomination of General Joffre as supreme generalissimo of all the French troops means two things: First, that Joffre will have absolute authority in disposing his armies and planning campaigns; second, the French hope that the English will take the hint and agree to a full and complete co-ordination of all available forces. Competent authorities agree that German successes have been the result of a central control of effectives, permitting rapid decisions quickly put into effect, whereas the Allies have not acted properly in concert and when at last, after long delays, they did get together, the measures agreed upon were slowly put into operation. The Inter-Allied War Council composed of men who have the power to act, as it is said, Joffre will have from now on, ought to show results during the coming year.

Summed up, France's last year has been largely one of preparation. She hopes the coming year will be one of execution. The cabinet of victory, just as they call the French loan of a about twenty billion francs the loan of victory.

The Frenchman hopes for peace during 1916. He considers the American peace talk the greatest puzzle of the year, because peace now could mean but one thing: Defeat for the Allies.

The elevation of Joffre to his new position is an official commendation of his war policy, summed up by the experts as wearing the enemy down by "attrition," which Joffre calls "abbling." Naturally this policy will be in force so long as Joffre is in the saddle. France made three heavy drives at the Germans during 1915; in March, May, and September, but these drives were all feeble, I am told, to test the strength of the German line. The French soldier will tell you that French man power will outlast German man power, thanks to Joffre's nibbling; that sooner or later the German wall of steel will prove to be imitation, and following a feeler, the real drive will pour through the hole thus made and end the row.

A Berlin interview quotes General von Kluck as forecasting a drive towards Paris next spring. A French general told me that he hoped von Kluck was right, but that case the slaughter of Germans would be on such a vast scale that the whole world would gasp, used as it is to baths of blood. Those who have inspected the some 50-mile width of American barbed wire between Paris and the front, will not doubting that another attempt is possible, or even probable, fail to see how it can succeed.

Here, then, is the forecast for 1916.

Comparative quiet along the western front until spring; then general offensives, both French and German; operations probable throughout the summer with a decision of some sort in the fall.

This is a guess, but it is as good as any, whether from a general or a private. Of only one thing can one be certain: All the expert dope is wrong.

20 per cent. Discount on the balance of our skates. Morrison & Johnston, Limited.

A. J. BALFOUR'S TRIBUTE
TO THE BRITISH FLEET

London, Dec. 29.—"The British grand fleet, which as a grand fleet has never yet had the opportunity of being in action, has nevertheless from hour to hour, day by day, through all the months of the war, been the foundation upon which every-thing else has rested," was the summary by A. J. Balfour, first lord of the admiralty, of the lessons to be derived from a facts in any way. Every point moving picture record of the activities of the fleet, over the first production of which he presided this afternoon.

Mr. Balfour declared that the film shown was "packed with lessons of the deep and the im-port to Britons and to the world." The success of all the naval operations of the allies, from Archangel on the North to the Persian Gulf, ultimately depended, he believed, on the British fleet, because were it removed the allied nations, "now banded together against the tyranny of the central powers," would be cut off from the outer world and from each other. He doubted whether the magnitude of the task thrown upon the British navy and "so far triumphantly accomplished," was realized.

"Though silent," said the first lord, "it is performing at this moment not alone for the allies, but for the whole world, the greatest, the most important part in the drama now being played out for the freedom of the world. The world has yet to know how much it owes to the British fleet, and how the assured victory which is coming to us in the future is coming at least as much the gift of the British navy as of the splendid valor of the allied troops, whether British or foreign."

DOING GOOD WORK

The Davidson commission, appointed by the Borden government to probe into irregularities in the awarding and fulfilling of war contracts in this country, is doing good work. The commission has unearthed a

certain amount of wrong-doing, notably in connection with the contract for medical and surgical supplies awarded through Mr. Garland, former member for Carleton, Ont., and the purchase of horses through Mr. A. de Witt Foster, M.P. for Nova Scotia. It has also brought to light some minor irregularities in the purchase of fodder, clothing, and other military supplies. The Davidson commission has shown no disposition to find fault in any way. Every point under investigation has been probed to the bottom and no favors have been shown to any witness or complainant. It has been a business-like inquiry from start to finish.

The result so far has been that while certain men have undoubtedly been shown to have profited unduly from war contracts, on the whole the various purchasing departments of the Canadian government have a very clean record.

In the hurry and bustle consequent upon the outbreak of the war it would doubtless have been difficult for any government to have bought the enormous supplies needed without some loss through dishonesty or private greed. The best testimony to the Borden government's good intentions in this respect is the appointment of the Davidson commission, with the wide open instructions it received to probe into everything that looked in any way suspicious. The result of that commission's work will doubtless have the effect of making the various government departments more careful in the letting of contracts for war supplies. The Davidson commission has done good work.

ON THE WATER WAGON

With the arrival of the new year Colorado will mount the water wagon, with the stepping stone of her new state prohibition law, for a long ride. New Year's cake parties read significance in the signs posted everywhere, even during the day, "No drinks served after midnight."

Turning Kerosene (Coal Oil)
It Outshines Gas or Electricity

HERE is an all-burning lamp which produces a flood of pure, white light—more brilliant than gas or electricity—yet wonderfully mellow and easy on the eyes. It is simple and safe, clean and noiseless, does not fill the room with odorous, unhealthy odors.

Aladdin Mantle Lamp

Lamps and Supplies

Always on hand. Sold and guaranteed by A. H. BLAIR, Builder and Contractor. Plans and Estimates on Application. Work Guaranteed. Try a Lamp for yourself, and be convinced it is the Cheapest First Class Light on the Market.

A. H. BLAIR

Lyle Avenue Lacombe

Call up Phone 134

CREAM WANTED

We Pay Spot Cash for

Cream and Eggs

The Lacombe Creamery

G. A. Anderson, Prop.

A. GILMOUR

Will pay the following prices delivered in his yards at Lacombe this week:

Choice Fat Steers, 1,200 lbs. and up, 45c.
Extra Choice Fat Heifers, 44c.
Choice Fat Cows, 43c.
Medium to good Fat Cows and Heifers, 3c. to 4c.
Fat Bulls, 24c. to 31c.
Best Hides, 10c.
Choice Lambs, 24c. to 31c.

HOGS—Hog prices are no uncertain that we can not quote a steady price. Those wishing to sell, please us for prices.

Further information regarding prices can be had by phoning 20 from 7.30 a.m. till 6 p.m.
Night Phone 40.

Carnival January 18.

Mrs. Lathin will not receive on this first Friday, but on Friday, the 21st, and then not again this season.

Miss Ethel Beatty and Mr. J. D. Anderson were married at Lacombe on December 8th.

Leap year began on Saturday. Eligible but unwilling males may appreciate the familiar hint that unmarried books are still open.

Farmers and others wishing to buy meat in quarters or large pieces can buy from us at whole sale prices by ordering ahead. A. Gilmour.

Don't forget the meeting of ratepayers in Spruceville U.P.A. Hall on the evening of Friday (next), 7th inst. The electors wish to hear from the candidates of Division 3.

Why pay \$5.00 for Coal, when you can buy good lump Coal for \$4.00 from H. A. Day? Phone 58.

The W.C.T.U. will hold a grand fancy dress carnival in the Lacombe rink on Tuesday evening, January 18th. Good prizes are being offered for the various costumes—men, women and children. See announcement later.

If you are tired carrying out ashes try Day's Lump Coal. It burns so clean there is hardly any ashes left. H. A. Day.

Don't forget the Greve's lady orchestra are playing the newest music for this new year. You should engage these ladies for your next social or ball; you won't be disappointed. Let us become acquainted with them. Read our advt. in another column.

For Sale—Perfection 2-burner oil stove, in use three years; cost \$9.00; at \$2.00. Also set of Memoirs of Courts of Europe; cost \$10.00; unused; at \$2.50. Apply H. A. Craig, care Merchants Bank.

Get ready for the W.C.T.U. carnival on Tuesday evening, January 18.

Fresh Eggs—Fresh eggs at all times. Apply Side Hill Poultry Ranch (Val Redig, Prop.), Lacombe. Phone R 505. (D.29-4p).

When you are sick and in need of a doctor you don't call a plumber. Therefore, when you piano or organ is altogether cut of time and in need of repairs call in Mr. James Jones, the expert piano man, for nine years head tuner with the Jenkins & Sons Music Co., Kansas, U.S.A. He will be in again from Edmonton on Jan. 6th. Phone or leave your orders at the Western Globe Office, or P.O. Box 33.

General Hughes, Inspector General of the Canadian Western Forces, a brother of General Sir Sam Hughes, the minister of militia, was a visitor in town on Monday to Capt. McBride regarding recruiting in Central Alberta, and on Tuesday Capt. Morrow and other officers of the 151st Battalion Overseas Forces, assisted by Capt. McBride, made arrangements to locate a platoon of between 60 and 70 men in town for the winter months.

Coal, Coal—Lump Coal, better than blazes \$4.00 per ton. H. A. Day. Phone 58.

Timothy Hay Wanted.—We are paying \$9.50 per ton for Timothy hay on the car here. F. E. McLeod.

We are going away positively. We don't want to take anything away. Everything will be sold regardless of cost at the Clothing Store, Hotson Block.

Lacombe is becoming quite a military centre. Join the 151st Battalion drilling in Lacombe. Parades are held in the old school building, and comfortable quarters are being arranged for everybody signing on.

Perry Bunch is holding a sale of all his farm stock and implements at his ranch, five miles north-east of Rimbey, on Thursday, January 20th, commencing at 10 o'clock sharp. Jos. Marshall will conduct the sale. See advt. in the Western Globe next week for particulars.

Buy your Coal before the cold comes. \$4.00 per ton. All lumps. Phone 58, H. A. Day.

Full particulars about the 151st will appear in next week's issue. Meantime join now.

Among the Lacombe school teachers who have been successful in securing schools in the district, are Miss Edith Irwin, who is continuing at Eureka, and Wesley Irwin, who has secured Up-to-Date School, Dorada.

The Big Clearance Sale at the Clothing Store, Hotson Block, continues. We are going a way shortly, and everything must be sold. It's your chance.

J. V. Loyd will sell all his farm stock, etc., by auction at his farm, 7 miles north-west of Rimbey; 44 miles south-east of La Vesta, on Wednesday, January 12th, commencing at 1 o'clock. Jos. Marshall will be the auctioneer. See advt. in this issue for particulars.

Now that the snow is down, you want rubbers. We save you about half the price. The Clothing Store, Hotson Block, is making a clean sweep before going away.

IS IT THE TRUTH that J. B. McPherson is selling his Best Dimension, Sheeting, 10 and 12 and 8-in. Ship-Lap at \$13.00 per M, all surfaced and sized? IT IS. J. B. McPherson, Bentley. (J. 7-t)

If you wish to become a first-class pianist consult Miss Maude E. Waterman, expert piano teacher. Miss Waterman will prepare you for Toronto Conservatory or Royal Academy examinations. Read her advt. in another column.

W. T. Becker, who is leaving for the U.S. on Saturday, has instructed Auctioneer Dameron to sell all his horses, threshing outfit, and saw mill by public auction to the highest bidder on Friday next, 7th inst. Two days advertising is pretty short notice for a sale, but Mr. Becker wants to get away, and is bound to sell everything, no matter what price it brings. See

lit in this issue.

F. E. McLeod is paying \$9.50 per ton for Timothy hay on the car at Lacombe. Call him up if you have any for sale.

Mrs. Codd, living at E. W. Simpson's, has received word of the death of her young brother, who was killed by shrapnel somewhere in France. The boy was only nineteen years old, and previous to receiving his death wound had been twice wounded and recovered. Mrs. Codd has three brothers in the forces in France, and her husband, who is a member of the 69th, had three brothers on the firing line, two of whom have been killed.

The annual meeting of St. Cyprian's Parish has been adjourned until after the evening service on Sunday next. A full attendance is requested.

Skating—School children can skate from 4 to 6 on Tuesdays and Fridays for 5 cents, and on Saturday afternoon free from 3 to 5.

IS IT A SECRET that J. B. McPherson has 400,000 feet of Lumber to sell at \$13.00 per M? NO IT'S NOT. J. B. McPherson, Bentley. (J. 5-t)

A letter addressed to Mrs. Ina Trimble was lost in town last night (Tuesday) between D. Garland's house and her home. Please return to Mrs. Ernie Trimble.

If you want to save money this is your last opportunity. We are going away positively. The Clothing Store, Hotson Block.

There will be Church of England service at Spruceville School-house on Sunday, Jan. 9th, at 11.30 a.m.

Intercession Service for the war this evening (Wednesday) in St. Cyprian's Church.

The young ladies of Lacombe are going to help recruiting, and from their plan of campaign, as reported to us, it will be a case-hardened young man who is fit to fight who will not be a member of His Majesty's forces within a very short time. It is up to every young man who has not got strong ties holding him to join the Canadian forces. Every available man is needed, if not for the firing line, for the great moral effect a large reserve will have on our country's enemies. It has taken a long time to shake some of the young men of Great Britain into enlisting, but they are coming forward now in great numbers—they couldn't stand the disdain of the boys who went before, and it will be well to remember that after the war has been won it will be the young men who offered their lives for their country who will have the precedence in every line of endeavor.

TEACHER WANTED

For Sunset Hill S.D. 308. State qualifications and salary required to Fred Peachey, Sec-Treas., Box 50, Bentley, Alta. (J. 5-2c)

ST. CYPRIAN'S CHURCH

Sunday, Jan. 9th.—Morning service, 11 a.m.; Sunday School, 12.30; Evening service, 7 p.m.

MARRIED

OWEN-STANDISH.—At the Pro-Cathedral, Calgary, on Saturday, January 1, 1916, by the Rev. Dean Paget, P. C. Owen, to Miss Edna Standish, both of Lacombe.

L. I. D. 399

Nominations for Councillors for L. I. D. 399 were made on Monday as follows:

Div. No. 1—Wm. Sharp, acclamation.
Div. No. 2—P. McLennan, acclamation.

Div. No. 3—John Southward and Capt. Evans.
Div. No. 4—A. P. Rainforth, acclamation.

Div. No. 5—D. Foren, acclamation.
Div. No. 6—Jas. Eadie and Marshall Douglass.

Bentley News

All parties owing Bentley Drug Store kindly call and settle by January 10, as I am moving to Rimbey at that time. R. M. Collier, Druggist.

Spruceville News

The nominations for Councillor were held at the Town Hall, Lacombe, on Monday last, when the following candidates were nominated: J. M. Southward and Capt. H. J. Angell Evans.

Notice is hereby given to the electors of Local Improvement District No. 399, Division No. 2, that there will be a meeting held at the U.F.A. Hall on Fri-

day, Jan. 7th, at 8 o'clock. Everybody cordially invited to attend. The candidates are hereby invited to attend and address the meeting.

The last dance at the hall was a big success, a large number being present, and all enjoyed themselves. The music was the best yet.

There will be another dance on Friday, the 14th. The same orchestra will furnish music, which everybody admits is the best we ever had. Everybody welcome. Ladies please remember the cakes.

The election for Councillor for Div. 3, L.I.D. 399, will be held on Monday next, January 10. The voting will take place in the Town Hall, Lacombe.

lowalta Items

Xmas, and New Year's over, we can now settle down to work and out some of our New Year's resolutions into force.

Mrs. Jas. Kinley, who has been visiting in California for the past couple of months, returned home in time for New Year's dinner.

Mrs. Booth will entertain the ladies of the Needle-Craft at her home on Thursday next.

Miss Swanson spent her holidays with friends in Calgary, returning home on Monday ready for work again.

Miss Zietz, who has been visiting her sister in Oregon, leaves on the 16th for Seattle, where she will visit her aunt for a couple of weeks before returning home.

Mr. W. Whitcomb left last week to visit friends in B.C.

The lowalta farmers are going in for pure-bred stock. Mr. Jas. Kinley has purchased some pure-bred cattle at the Kerber sale.

Miss Victoria Kinley, having just completed her Normal course at Camrose, was very fortunate in securing a school so soon; duties commencing the first of the year.

We would like to see our little corner of the universe mentioned oftener in the Globe, but having a local paper it keeps us busy writing notes for it. However, in future we hope some one will find time to let the outside world know we are alive.

Blackfalds News

W. L. Smith, Principal of the Public School, accompanied by his bride, returned to town on Saturday evening. He was received by the usual charivari band, who, after making the night hideous for a time, were taken in by Mr. and Mrs. Smith and treated to cigars, coffee and cake, after which they departed, giving three cheers for their impromptu host and hostess.

Mr. Colin Johnson, our genial station agent, has accepted a similar position at Oliver. We regret to hear of their early departure, for Colin was always a good clean sport.

Haarstad Bros., a few days ago, finished the threshing season with over 100,000 bushels to their credit. The scene of their labor was on the farms adjacent to the road between Blackfalds and Atwood's bridge, not west of Bentley as stated in last week's issue.

We would respectfully nominate R. H. Trout as next school trustee. Mr. Trout is a man of truth, good morals and sound business ability. He is the very man wanted for the position, and would make an ideal trustee.

We are informed that P. McLennan was elected Councillor in the place of F. H. Miller.

Benson Bros. have taken up their residence in the Greyson House, north of the railway track.

We are pleased to inform the travelling public that the Imperial Hotel has been rented by Mr. Cobb, of Oregon state, and will be conducted as a first-class temperance house.

A sporting young farmer surprised his many friends by informing them that he had joined the ranks of the beneficiaries some months ago. In proof of his assertions he set up the cigars for the boys.

Chester Miller left on Friday last for his old home in Kansas. He will be gone several months.

The watch-night services in the Methodist Church were not as well attended as they should have been. Rev. Mr. Corcoran delivered an interesting sermon full of good advice for the coming year.

L. I. D. No. 399

To the Editor of the Globe: Dear Sir,—In the last issue of your valuable paper, in the minutes of the proceedings of the last meeting of the Council of L. I. D. No. 399, there appeared two items of interest to the pockets of taxpayers of Division No. 2.

One was a motion granting payment of \$422.24 to S. W. Pender, and the other a payment of \$100 to Chas. Ball for damages to the land of the one

and for a watercourse over the land of the other.

Will the chairman, or secretary of the Council, or Councillor Miller, explain this matter, and more particularly why Division No. 2 was saddled with the cost of settlement less \$50 to be paid by Division No. 1? At whose door does the blame lie for this matter? Who is responsible? Why was it not fought out in the courts on its merits? The settlement is a bad precedent, for every farmer who thinks himself aggrieved by the draining of the roads will in the future look to the Council for compensation.

An explanation through the medium of your columns would be greatly appreciated by your readers in Division No. 2, L. I. D. No. 399.

Thanking you for your valuable space, I am, Yours,

RATEPAYER.

Rimbey News

Rimbey Drug Co. will open up in the old butcher shop, opposite the Windsor Hotel, about January 15.

The kiddies did enjoy the Xmas tree. About 200 responded to the afternoon invitation. After games and a short program cake was passed around. Then Santa came, and distributed the presents, and as the children were passing out of the door each one was handed a sack of candy and an orange. The tree was nicely decorated; also the hall, which was well heated and lighted, and the happy faces of the children well repaid the committee for the work in preparing for the event. The evening programme could not be carried out as planned owing to sickness.

Many of our citizens are sick with la grippe.

Mr. Geo. Curry was seen on our streets in khaki the past week.

Mr. Jackson, of Calgary, son and daughter, spent Xmas week here with their son, C. W.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Jas. Lockhart was conducted from the M. E. Church last Thursday by Rev. Dugan.

Mr. and Mrs. J. John Morton, Miss Amy and Master John, Jr., of Brooksley, paid a visit to T. A. Idings and family, arriving by auto last Friday, returning Saturday afternoon.

Mr. Topley Buck is recovering from a slight attack of pneumonia.

Joe Lamb is having a building erected which will be used as a blacksmith shop, then Rimbey will have three shops.

How the young folk are enjoying the skating rink these days.

Mr. Charles Lindahl is having a public sale of his property on Wednesday, and will return to the state of Washington. He and his wife have lived here for about four years, and both have taken an active part in public affairs, and will be greatly missed by their many friends whose best wishes go with them.

A young son of Mr. and Mrs. Draper, living west of Rimbey, was taken to the Lacombe hospital and operated upon for appendicitis, which proved fatal. The body was brought home last Friday. Interment was made in Wittenburg cemetery.

Colonel J. Jackson is suffering from the aftereffects of Xmas, which was spent in Lacombe. It is nothing more than fair to Mr. J. to say that the after-effects were received on the return trip, which was made on the stormy Tuesday.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that an application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Alberta, at the next Sitting, for an Act to incorporate the Farmers' Mutual Fire Insurance Association of Alberta, for the purpose of carrying on the business of fire insurance in Alberta.

Dated at Lacombe, Alberta, this 8th day of December, 1915. ARTHUR E. DEAN, Solicitor for the Applicants. (D. 29-4c)

Miss Maude E. Waterman

Solo Pianiste Accompaniste TEACHER OF PIANO

Beginners as well as advanced pupils received. Classes now forming.

Write to Box 33, Lacombe, and Miss Waterman will be pleased to call on you to discuss terms, etc.

LOST, STRAYED, OR STOLEN.

From the farm of H. Gottschalk, near Gull Lake, a white mare and an iron grey foal, coming two years old. A reward will be given for information leading to their recovery. A. Hume, Union Bank Building, Lacombe.

HOW ABOUT YOUR EYES

Now that the Christmas rush is over, we have time to devote to the Optical business.

If your eyes are troubling you let us test them.

"Five Feet Past the Entrance of the Royal Bank."

PAUL HOTSON

JEWELER AND OPTICIAN. ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES

Royal Bank Building, Lacombe

NOTICE

On and after January 1st all Meat will be sold for

CASH

THE PIONEER MEAT MARKET

Harold Slater -- Lacombe

PHONE US FOR HOG PRICES

Watt & Hay And What They Say

Everything for Men

Watt & Hay

McLear Block Lacombe

Cleaning, Pressing and Repairing well done.

PUBLIC SALE

Favored with instructions from the owner, I will sell at his ranch, the South-East Quarter of Section 14, T. 43, R. 3, West 5th M. 7 miles N. W. from Rimbey, 41 miles S. E. from La Vesta P.O., on

Wednesday, Jan. 12th, 1916

Commencing at 1 o'clock, the following described property, without Reserve:

HORSES (4 head)—1 Roan Gelding, 3 years old; 1 Bay Gelding, 3 years old; 1 Saddle Mare Pony, 6 years old; 1 Sorrel Yearling.
CATTLE (5 head)—2 good Young Milch Cows; 1 Yearling Steer; 2 Spring Calves.

2 Fat Hogs, and 4 dozen Chickens.

IMPLEMENTS and GRAIN.—1 Farm Wagon, 1 Sett Bob-Sleighs, 1 Sett Heavy Harness (new), and about 200 bushels of good Oats.

HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.—1 Cook Stove, 1 Box Heater, 1 Bedstead, Spring and Mattress, Table, Kitchen Chairs, Rockers, Dishes, Pots, and a lot of other useful articles.

TERMS.—Sums of \$10.00 and under, Cash; over that amount a credit of twelve months will be given upon purchase of furniture. Joint Bankable Note bearing 8 p.c. interest. A discount of 5 p.c. will be given for cash on credit amounts.

JOSEPH MARSHALL, Auctioneer

J. V. LOYD, Owner.

KENNETH H. WATERS, Clerk.

DENTISTRY

Dr. G. A. Pollard

Successor to

Dr. Shute

Special attention given to Crown and Bridge Work.

Plate Work.

Porcelain Fillings.

Gold and Amalgam Fillings.

A Wonderful Battle-Plane

Like a dreadnought in dry one factory alone is turning out dock, the new superplane rests. At a certain spot park the last finishing touches are being given. The aviation grounds are filled with airplanes; 10, 20, 100, 200, crowded close together like a flock of seagulls perched on a ledge. Packing cases larger than goods vans are lined up, enclosing other airplanes which are to go to Mesopotamia, the Caucasus, the Dardanelles.

A giant among pigmies, the mighty triplane, the latest achievement of French aviation, "l'Avion de bombardement" (bomber), dwarfing all other aircraft. With a spread of wing 70 feet, the three supporting planes rise to the height of 20 feet. The body will comfortably hold 12 men, though six are to form the crew. There are two pilots with seats close together in the center of the car; but in emergency the machine can be handled by one man. Two observers and two naval gunners complete the crew. The armament consists of four one and a-half inch guns.

This new superplane has an average speed of 80 miles per hour. Built at a cost which is trifling when compared with that of a Zeppelin, the plane has all the advantages of the latter, including that of stability, speed, relative carrying power and endurance, and is infinitely less vulnerable. Hitherto nothing has been evolved in the field of aerodynamics as significant as this new triplane.

Graceful in outline, not in the least cumbersome notwithstanding its great dimensions, it has all the constructional refinement of a yacht. Painted white, with the colors of France on the under side of the planes and tail the analogy is striking.

Having stood the severest tests, the superplane leaves for the front. The eyes of France and of the world will be fixed on this new creation. The French genius. The officers with whom I spoke are convinced that a new phase of aerial warfare is about to begin. The bombardment of enemy positions by squadrons of aircraft of the type just described, it is asserted, will be even more efficacious than artillery.

A fit companion of this great plane is a new destroyer. A biplane, with a spread of wing of 21 feet, measuring only seven feet from the ground to the tip of the upper plane, is driven by a single motor. With a speed of 100 miles an hour, armed with a machine gun, which is operated by the driver, who at the same time must act as observer and pilot, this new swift airplane is destined to become the air scout and perform the tasks entrusted to destroyers at sea. In flexibility and ease of maneuver it surpasses all other types hitherto created. I saw this airplane rise almost perpendicularly from the ground to a height of 1,000 yards in 40 seconds, and it can be operated with safety by the pilot without using his hands, leaving him free to attack the enemy or make observations.

When it is recalled that six years ago military aviation did not exist, and that it is only during the last six months that the French military authorities have been training their own air men, the improvements made are astounding.

Before the war between 150 and 200 airplanes were constructed in France in a year. Today

"FRUIT-A-LIVES" THE MARVELLOUS FRUIT MEDICINE

Has Relieved More Cases of Stomach, Liver, Blood, Kidney and Skin Trouble Than Any Other Medicine

THOUSANDS OWE THEIR GOOD HEALTH TO IT

Made From The Juices of Apples, Oranges, Figs and Prunes Combined With Tonics and Antiseptics

"Fruit-a-lives" means health. In years to come, people will look back to the discovery of 'Fruit-a-lives' and wonder how they ever managed to get along without these wonderful tablets, made from fruit juices.

"FRUIT-A-LIVES" is excellent for Indigestion, Dyspepsia and Sour Stomach. 'Fruit-a-lives' is the only certain remedy that will correct chronic Constipation and Liver trouble.

'Fruit-a-lives' is the greatest Kidney Remedy in the world and many people have testified to its value in severe cases of Rheumatism, Sciatica, Lumbago, Pain in the Back, Impure Blood, Headaches, Neuralgia, Pimples, Blotches and other Skin Troubles.

"FRUIT-A-LIVES" has been one of the great successes of the century and the sales are enormous, both in Canada and the United States. One box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 50c. At all dealers, or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa.

Manoeuvres of airplanes in squadron formation, of as many as 40 aircraft, have already been held, and the achievements of even larger squadrons of French airplanes in their raids on German towns prove beyond question the worth of aircraft as an offensive weapon.

THE BOUNTY ON COYOTES

The Alberta Provincial Sheep Breeders' Association have taken up the matter of collecting evidence as to the destruction caused by coyotes to sheep-breeder and owners of pigs and poultry.

Over one hundred owners who have suffered from the depredations of these pests have written to the Secretary, Mr. Stark, of Edmonton, and without exception all are agreed that the coyote is the cause of the loss, and that something must be done to check the ravages of this animal unless breeders are to drop this very important department of the live stock industry.

From letters received by Mr. Stark it is learned that a large number have already been compelled to go out of this business and as it is impossible for the Association to secure the names of all who have suffered loss, they thus write the particulars to the Alberta Provincial Sheep Breeders' Association requests that any in this district who have lost sheep, pigs, or poultry, or who know of such losses among his neighbors, will assist them by sending in the particulars to the Secretary, W. J. Stark, P.O. Box 210, Edmonton.

It is the intention of the Association, when they have secured sufficient evidence to make a strong "case" against the coyote to ask the Alberta Government to restore the bounty for the destruction of coyotes.

MILITARY TRAINING OR CONSCRIPTION FOR UNITED STATES

Washington, Dec. 29.—The United States, like Great Britain, may face the necessity of military conscription unless this government gives to her citizens military training.

Mr. Chamberlain, chairman of the senate militia committee. Conscription will be a last resort, Mr. Chamberlain said. He said there was a marked difference between conscription and compulsory training of citizen soldiery as proposed in his compulsory training bill, framed after the Swiss system.

"There never will be compulsory military service—conscription—in this country until we are licked by a first-class power, as we will be some day," said Mr. Chamberlain. "To prevent conscription a universal military education is an immediate and principal need."

"I favor such preparedness as will enable our country to defend itself in time of need and, particularly at a time when one great power (England) has swept our commerce from the seas, another (Germany) is destroying the lives of our citizens, and a third (Japan) is ready at any time to present the assumption of the American people that the Japanese are not our equals."

Will all the Lacombe soldiers call at the Lacombe Photo Studio and have their photos taken free. We are getting a group together, and wish to have it as complete as possible. B. S. Cameron.

Bargains in Wall Paper

To make room for our new Spring Stock we are offering Wall Papers at Greatly Reduced Prices

Sole Agents for Vitralite, Wood Lac, and Oil Stains
Lacombe Wall Paper Store
E. R. Kent, Proprietor

Are You Going to Build?

If you are thinking of building, call and get an estimate from us. We have a new, clean Stock of the very best in

Lumber
and
Building Material
OF ALL KINDS

You will find our prices as low as any.

Trimble-Garland Lumber Co.
Allan St. Lacombe



Time I went after that Overcoat!

Where to buy to get the best value for my money? That's the question—why Cameron's of course!

Don't think I can do better where style and values are concerned.

Agency for Individual Ladies' Tailoring Co.
Suits and Overcoats Made to Measure.
Full Line of Patterns, and Styles the Latest.

D. CAMERON

Tailor

CLEANING and PRESSING
Allan St. Opp. Adelphi Hotel

An Experienced Executor

The administration of a Will calls for wide experience in Financial and Commercial Matters. This Trust Company offers you the experienced services of a body of successful business men. They have every qualification for the perfect administration of your Will. Write for our Booklet on "Wills."

The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Ltd.

Calgary, Alberta.
Public Administrator and Official Assignee for the Judicial Districts of
LETHBRIDGE, MACLEOD, CALGARY, WETASKIWIN.
J. G. PRATT, Inspector, Lacombe, Alberta.

For Sale

Harness
Blankets
Robes
Harness
Accessories
Oiling and Repairing Harness promptly done at

The Lacombe Harness Store
H. L. BROWN, Prop.
Agent for Massey-Harris Implements.

JOSEPH MARSHALL GLEN MARSHALL
Joseph Marshall & Son
Auctioneers and Valuers
Notary Public, Etc.
Dealers in all kinds of Live Stock
Rimby Alberta

Vickers & Kriese

New Lumber Yard

Everything in Lumber and Building Material.

Twin City Coal

Office and Yards
Glass Street - Lacombe

Deering Farm Machinery

Gasoline Engines; Threshing Outfits; Demolitors; Top and Open Buggies; Hayfork Tracks and Fittings; Fanning Mills; Smut Cleaners; and a full line of repairs for same. Transfer Agency for Deering Machinery.

Warehouse—Alberta Street, Lacombe.

Alex. Leslie
AGENT

THE TOWN OF LACOMBE

Auction Sale of Lots Under Tax Enforcement Act

The Town of Lacombe will offer for sale, by Public Auction, at the Town Clerk's Office, in Lacombe, Alberta, on Saturday, January the 15th, 1916, at 2 o'clock, p.m., the following lots, which have become forfeited to the said Town under Tax Enforcement proceedings. The upset price of any lot will be the amount of the taxes and costs. Terms of Sale will be cash.

Lots 9 to 12, 26 to 29, 51 and 52, in Block A, Plan 3640 U. Lots 6, 12 to 16, 20 to 22, in Block B, Plan 3840 U. Lots 6 and 7, in Block A, Plan 4911 X. Lots 38, 54 to 56, in Block 18, Plan 4500 R. Lots 27 to 30, in Block 19, Plan 4500 R. Lots 1 to 4, 6 to 8, 13 to 16, 18 to 25, 27, 28, 31, 32, 38 to 42, in Block 35, Plan 15 U. Lots 11 to 14, 21 to 25, 27 to 32, in Block 36, Plan 15 U. Lots 1 to 4, 7, 8, in Block 38, Plan 15 U. Lots 1 to 4, 6, 13, 14, in Block 37, Plan 15 U. Lots 4 to 18, in Block 32, Plan 15 U. Lots 12, 30 to 34, in Block 33, Plan 15 U. Lots 13 to 19, 26 to 29, 32, 33, 36, 37, 41, 42, in Block 34, Plan 15 U. Lots 6 and 11, in Block 3, Plan 4880 R. Lots 17, in Block 2, Plan 894 A. J. Lot 4, in Block 24, Plan 1 L. Lot 1, in Block 9, Plan 1 B. Lot 7, in Block 20, Plan 1 B. Lots 12, 21, in Block 7, Plan 1. Lot 37, in Block 19, Plan 4500 R. Lot 9, in Block 3, Plan 4500 R. Lots 9 and 10, in Block 33; lots 9 and 10, in Block 35; lots 15 and 16, in Block 36; lots 5, 11, 12, 15 to 18, in Block 37; lots 5 and 6, in Block 39; all in Plan 15 U. Lots 1 to 28, in Block 20, Plan 1507 A. N. Lots 9 to 18, in Block 2; lots 15, 16, 21 to 24, in Block 15; lots 9 to 11, in Block 17; lots 6 to 10, in Block 25; lots 1 to 22, in Block 27; lots 1 to 22, in Block 28; all in Plan 3892 A. J. Lots 5, 7, 21, 22, 24, in Block 5; lot 9, in Block 8; lots 9 and 10, in Block 10; lots 13 and 14, in Block 20; lots 1 to 22, in Block 30; lots 2 to 6, in Block 18; all in Plan 2605 A. M.

Lots 1 to 8, in Block 2; lots 22 to 26, in Block 3; lots 1 to 4, 7, 8, 13 to 15, in Block 12; lots 8 to 15, in Block 13; lots 2 to 6 to 10, 13, 16 to 20, in Block 14; all in Plan 3892 A. J. Lots 1 to 11, 14 to 19, 21, 22, 24, 25, 28, 29, 32 to 36, in Block 24; lots 6 to 9, 19, in Block 25; lots 19 to 23, 26, in Block 26; lots 9, 15 to 20, in Block 27; lots 1 to 10, 15, 16, 19 to 33, in Block 23; lots 1 to 14, in Block 21; lots 2 to 14, in Block 22; lots 4 to 10, 17, 19, 20, 24, 25, in Block 17; lots 3, 6 to 9, 19 to 25, in Block 18; lots 1 to 28, in Block 19; lots 2 to 10, in Block 11; lots 1 to 10, in Block 12; lots 1 to 3, 8 to 10, in Block 13; lots 7, 21 to 23, in Block 14; lots 8 to 12, 20, 21, in Block 15; lots 1 to 10, 12, 38 to 42, in Block 35, Plan 15 U. Lots 11 to 14, 21 to 25, 27 to 32, in Block 36, Plan 15 U. Lots 1 to 4, 7, 8, in Block 38, Plan 15 U. Lots 1 to 4, 6, 13, 14, in Block 37, Plan 15 U. Lots 4 to 18, in Block 32, Plan 15 U. Lots 12, 30 to 34, in Block 33, Plan 15 U. Lots 13 to 19, 26 to 29, 32, 33, 36, 37, 41, 42, in Block 34, Plan 15 U. Lots 6 and 11, in Block 3, Plan 4880 R. Lots 17, in Block 2, Plan 894 A. J. Lot 4, in Block 24, Plan 1 L. Lot 1, in Block 9, Plan 1 B. Lot 7, in Block 20, Plan 1 B. Lots 12, 21, in Block 7, Plan 1. Lot 37, in Block 19, Plan 4500 R. Lot 9, in Block 3, Plan 4500 R. Lots 9 and 10, in Block 33; lots 9 and 10, in Block 35; lots 15 and 16, in Block 36; lots 5, 11, 12, 15 to 18, in Block 37; lots 5 and 6, in Block 39; all in Plan 15 U. Lots 1 to 28, in Block 20, Plan 1507 A. N. Lots 9 to 18, in Block 2; lots 15, 16, 21 to 24, in Block 15; lots 9 to 11, in Block 17; lots 6 to 10, in Block 25; lots 1 to 22, in Block 27; lots 1 to 22, in Block 28; all in Plan 3892 A. J. Lots 5, 7, 21, 22, 24, in Block 5; lot 9, in Block 8; lots 9 and 10, in Block 10; lots 13 and 14, in Block 20; lots 1 to 22, in Block 30; lots 2 to 6, in Block 18; all in Plan 2605 A. M.

Lots 19, 20, in Block 10, Plan 2605 A. M. Lot 11, in Block 2, Plan 1. Lots 16, 17, 20, in Block 12; lots 1 to 11, in Block 33; lots 1 to 12, in Block 35; lots 1 to 4, 7 to 10, in Block 45; lots 1 to 4, 3540 U. Lots 38, 39, 40, in Block 34, Plan 15 U. Lot 5, in Block 27, Plan 1507 A. N. Lots 1, 2, 3, in Block 32, Plan 2605 A. M. (D. 15-5c)



"My Best Advertisement"

Is a mother who has once used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, for she makes a point of telling other mothers about it, who in turn pass the news on. It is this that has made Chamberlain's Cough Remedy a household word throughout the world. Just ask some mother in your community what she thinks of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, and she will tell you that it enables her to get her children through the winter without cough, colds or croup, and that at first approach of a cold she herself takes

Chamberlain's Cough Remedy

She will tell you that it is as thoroughly reliable for the youngest child as for the oldest member of the family. You can give it to the baby, the children going to school, or take it yourself, always with the same result—a quick relief.

Yours for Health—Gumby Chamberlain

We Are Going to Sell Out Everything

POSITIVELY.—Now is the opportunity that you cannot and must not miss. Every visit to **The Clothing Store in the Hotson Block** saves you money. Every day counts. We are positively going away.

The Big Going Away Sale at Clothing Store in Hotson Block, Lacombe

YOUR LAST CHANCE

Hockey

The Ponoka Junior Hockey Team met defeat at the hands of the Lacombe Juniors, who journeyed to that town on Wednesday evening of last week. Both teams were very evenly matched, but our boys managed to annex two more goals than their opponents. The game was fast from start to finish, but not as clean as it should have been, a great deal of shuffling and tripping being indulged in by members of both teams.

At 7:45 the referee's whistle blew, and the game was on in earnest. In a very few minutes a Lacombe player, Oliver Vickerson, made a rush down the ice and scored the first goal for Lacombe. After the face-off the game became more strenuous, but Oliver was not to be denied, and after another grand rush scored the second goal for the Lacombe team. Ponoka now began to show some form, and scored two goals in quick succession, thus evening up matters. Once again the Lacombe players got into their stride and

showed their mettle, both on offensive and defensive. Just about two minutes before half time was called Clarence Bowers scored the third goal for Lacombe. Half-time score—Lacombe 3; Ponoka 2.

After the usual rest-up both teams again faced each other for the second period. Before many minutes had elapsed Harry Sayers, for Ponoka, had tied the score—three all. This gave heart to Ponoka players and spectators alike. Lacombe were not to be outdone, for shortly afterwards Clarence Bowers and David Macdonald each scored a goal, and this ended the scoring side of the game. Final score—Lacombe 5; Ponoka 3.

The line-up follows:
Lacombe—Goal, Arlo Hall; point, Jack Halpin; cover-point, David Macdonald; right wing, Gordon Gilmore; left wing, Oliver Vickerson; centre, Frank Lundy; rover, Clarence Bowers. Manager, Charlie Halpin.

CANADA TO AIM AT ARMY OF 500,000.

Ottawa, Jan. 1.—As a fitting new year's announcement to the Canadian people and to the British Empire, the prime minister gave out tonight the statement that the authorized Canadian force for overseas service is raised from a quarter million to a half million men. The army of 250,000 hitherto authorized is now within sight. The latest figures of recruiting show a total of 212,000 men called to the colors since the war began and for the past month recruits have been coming in at the rate of nearly one thousand per day. Now, "as a token of Canada's undiminished resolve to crown the justice of our cause with victory and an abiding peace," the government has formally authorized a Canadian army of 500,000, or twice the number previously pledged to the empire's fight.

The message issued to the Canadian people by the prime minister from his sick room at his residence, is one of pride in what the men of Canada have done during the past year, of sympathy to those who have bravely suffered from the tragedies of war and have learned the full meaning of sacrifice, of resolve and confident belief in the willingness of all Canadians to redouble the efforts of the past. There will be no pause in Canada's efforts, says the head of the Dominion's government, until the triumph of liberty throughout the world is assured. What has already been done since August of last year in enrolling from an unprepared and unarmy country, a great fighting army is shown by a brief memorandum given out today by the militia department.

Notice

Imperial Hotel, Blackfalds, is now open to the public, day and night. It is furnace-heated, and will be comfortable at all hours. Passengers arriving on either C.P.R. or N.W. trains will have time for dinner before leaving for Burbank. Give me a trial. I have opened up a butcher shop in connection.

COBB, Proprietor
Blackfalds Alberta

Notice

Passengers can be transferred between Blackfalds and Burbank, 24 miles, en route to Big Valley, Stettler, Rocky Mountain House, Nordegg, and other points. Train west every Monday and Thursday, due at 13:45. Train east every Wednesday and Saturday, due at 11:30. Stationary depot now at Burbank—heated. Meet all C.N.R. passenger trains. Open for business, day and night.

Roy H. Trout

Livery - Blackfalds

Chop Mill Opened

I have opened the Chop Mill (Stanley's Old Stand), and I am now prepared to do custom chopping at reasonable rates. Satisfaction guaranteed.
M. F. COLE, Proprietor.
(J. 5-4c)

"By the greatness of the need our future efforts must be measured."

"Nowhere is the Canadian spirit more firm and unwavering than amongst the men who hold the trenches, and those who will shortly stand by their side; nowhere is it more undaunted than in the hospitals and convalescent homes."

"Already we have learned the full meaning of sacrifice. To all Canadian homes that have been saddened, to all Canadian hearts that have been stricken by the tragedy of this war, we pray that divine blessing may bring consolation and healing."

"Much had to be learned during the past fifteen months, because we had not prepared for this war."

"The strongest assurance of ultimate victory lies in the fact that we were not crushed in learning that hard lesson."

"Those who forced this war upon us may be assured by the traditions of our past that the lesson will be thoroughly learned, to the end that there shall be enduring peace. The very character and greatness of the FRANK VICKERSON, of the Town of Lacombe, in the Province of Alberta, Agent, has

triumph is fully assured."

"The Canadian forces at the front have, indeed, fought a good fight, and they have crowned the name of Canada with undying laurels. To them and to all the overseas forces now under arms and waiting the opportunity to do their part, we bid God speed in the sure faith that they will never fall in their duty."

"On this, the last day of the Old Year, the authorized forces of Canada numbered 250,000, and the number enlisted is rapidly approaching that limit."

"From tomorrow, the first day of the New Year, our authorized force will be 500,000."

"This announcement is made in token of Canada's undiminished resolve to crown the justice of our cause with victory and an abiding peace."

NOTICE TO CREDITORS
IN THE MATTER OF THE ESTATE OF

Frank Vickerson
Insolvent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the above named insolvent, FRANK VICKERSON, of the Town of Lacombe, in the Province of Alberta, Agent, has

made an assignment of his estate and effects to THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED, Official Assignee, for the general benefit of his Creditors, under the provisions of "The Assignment Act," being Chapter 6 of the Statutes of Alberta, 1907.

The Creditors are notified to meet at the office of MESSRS. MACDONALD & MCBRIDE, Barristers, in the Town of Lacombe, at the hour of two o'clock in the afternoon, on Tuesday, the 11th day of January, 1916, for the purpose of receiving a statement of the affairs of the said insolvent, for the appointment of inspectors, and the giving of directions with reference to the disposal of the estate.

Every creditor or person claiming to be entitled to rank on the estate assigned is required to deliver or send post-paid to the said Company, on or before the 31st day of January, 1916, particulars of his claim, verified by statutory declaration, and such vouchers as the case admits of, and stating whether he holds any security for his claim or any part thereof, and putting a specified value on such security (if any), in accordance with the said Act.

And notice is further given

that, after the said 31st day of January, 1916, the said Company will proceed to distribute the estate of the said insolvent under the said Act, having regard only to the claims of which it shall have notice at such time of distribution.

Dated at Calgary, this 30th day of December, A.D. 1915.
THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, Limited
Official Assignee.

H. A. HOWARD, Manager.
MESSRS. MACDONALD & MCBRIDE, Lacombe, Alta.,
Solicitors for the said Company.
(J. 5-2c)

BOOZE MUST GO

Toronto, Jan. 3.—The prohibitionists are slowly but steadily demolishing the trenches of the liquor interests in Ontario. Although the liquor interests put up a strenuous fight to defeat the "drys" in the forty-seven contests today in connection with municipal elections, the temperance workers succeeded in winning in sixteen places and thereby cutting off fifty licenses. Local option bylaws were carried in seven towns, in five villages, and in four townships.

Why is Your Home Built of Wood?

BECAUSE WOOD IS:

STRONG—With its weight it is stronger than any other building material.
DURABLE—Properly used, it lasts for generations.
EASILY WORKED—It is shaped and joined with simple tools.
IMPERVIOUS—Neither shot nor water will go through it.
A NON-CONDUCTOR OF HEAT—It is warm in winter and cool in summer.

ATTRACTIVE—For interior finish wood is unrivalled in its soft coloring and vitality.
WHOLESALE—Wood is sanitary, healthful, and cozy, and it is pleasing and friendly to the eye.
CHEAP—Abundant, accessible, easily handled, manufactured and built with.

THESE QUALITIES ALSO MAKE WOOD THE BEST MATERIAL FOR BARNES AND OTHER FARM BUILDINGS.

FARM BUILDING PLANS

The British Columbia Forest Service is publishing a series of bulletins on farm buildings, the plans for which, the bills of material, and instructions how to build were prepared by the College of Agriculture of the University of Saskatchewan. The Forest Service has supplied information concerning the best woods to use.

Any of the following bulletins in which you are interested will be mailed free on application to the Chief Forester, Victoria, B. C. Complete reference sets will also be supplied under orders on request.

- | | |
|---------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 1. General Purpose Barns. | 6. Piggeries & Smoke Houses |
| 2. Dairy Barns. | 7. Poultry Houses. |
| 3. Beef Cattle Barns. | 8. Implement Sheds and Granaries. |
| 4. Horse Barns. | 9. Silos and Root Cellars. |
| 5. Sheep Barns. | 10. Farm Houses. |

BRITISH COLUMBIA HAS A WOOD FOR EVERY USE GROWN AND MANUFACTURED IN CANADA

BUILD UP THE WEST BY BUYING WESTERN PRODUCTS.

BARGAINS

- \$11.50—Oak Wardrobe, 7 feet high, 4 feet wide; two drawers at bottom; good condition.
- \$3.50—Parlor Centre Table.
- \$2.50—Novelty Centre Table.
- \$4.00—Upholstered Sofa.
- \$5.00—Coles' Heater, for wood or coal; large size.
- \$4.00—Mahogany Upholstered Rocking Chair.
- \$3.50—Steel Range Boiler; 30 gallon capacity.
- \$55.00—Good Dominion Organ. Splendid tone. \$15.00 cash, balance \$45 monthly.
- \$25.00—Rebuilt Remington Typewriter; good as new. Terms \$10 cash, balance \$5 per month. 500 sheets writing paper and 500 envelopes free with each machine.
- \$24.00—Solid Oak Kitchen Cabinet. Ordinary price, \$35.
- \$2.50—Kitchen Table.
- \$5.00—Library or Den Table; good size.
- \$9.75—Baking Cabinet; ball-bearing casters; 3 metal bins.
- \$60.00—Good Steel Safe; fire proof. Easy terms.
- \$40.00—Visible Typewriter in good order. Free trial. \$10 cash, balance \$5 per month.
- \$12.00—Solid Oak Table.
- \$6.50—Solid Oak Typewriting Table.
- \$2.00—Electric Stove.
- \$2.25—Electric Table Lamp. Adjustable.

- 4.50—Wonder Rope-Making Machine. Come in and see it in operation. No farmer should be without one; it makes any size rope.
- \$3.50—Massive Solid Oak Chair.
- \$8.00—Mission Oak Hall Seat; lid seat.
- \$2.00—Metal Hat and Coat Stand.
- \$4.50—Tilting Oak Chair; adjustable; leather seat.
- \$9.00—Solid Oak Sectional Book Cabinet.
- \$25.00—Oak Chiffonier. Original price, \$60.00.
- \$4.50—Air-tight Heater; large size.
- \$3.00—Wicker Rocking Chair.
- \$7.50—Combination Writing Desk and Book-Case; folding lid.
- \$12.50—Sewing Machine, in fine running order; drop head style.
- \$40.00—New Standard Sewing Machine. Terms to suit.
- \$60.00—New Nelson Range. A splendid stove. Your old stove taken in part payment.
- \$8.25—Bureau, with bevel plate mirror.
- \$80.00—Large Size Safe; fire proof; easy terms.
- \$350.00—New Weber Piano. Easy terms. Your old organ taken in part payment.
- \$12.00—Mahogany Dresser; new.
- \$2.50—Wilton Mat; good condition.
- \$500.00—10-acre tract in R.C. Consider exchange.

Becker's Big Sale

2 Miles West and 1 Mile North of Lacombe
Friday, Jan. 7th, 1916

Commencing at 11 o'clock, I will sell by Public Auction **WITHOUT RESERVE** the following described Horses and Farm Implements:

HORSES

1 Sorrel Gelding, 8 years old, weight 1400 lbs.; 1 Bay Mare, 10 years old, weight 1400 lbs.; 1 Brown Mare, 11 years old, weight 1400 lbs., in foal; 1 Bay Mare, 8 years old, weight 1050 lbs.; 1 Roan Mare, 5 years old, weight 1050 lbs.; 1 Filly, 2 years old; 1 Filly, one year old; 1 Gelding, one year old; 3 Suckers.

One Threshing and Plowing Outfit complete, consisting of—

One 20 h. p. Case Engine in good condition; 1 28 x 50 in. Separator in good condition; two 20-inch John Deere Plows, triangle hitch; 1 28 inch Wood Saw.

1 Buckeye Saw Mill and Planer complete

The above listed Saw Mill is at present located on the Frank Adams' farm. Prospective buyers are requested to inspect this outfit on the Adams' place as it will not be moved to be sold.

Edison Phonograph With 60 Records

and other articles consisting of Household Effects, Tools, etc.

TERMS—All sums up to \$20 cash; over that amount, a credit of 10 months will be given on approved joint bankable note bearing 8 per cent. interest. 5 per cent. discount for cash on sums over \$20.00. **LUNCH AT NOON**

Terms arranged on Threshing Outfit.

C. F. DAMRON, Auctioneer
W. T. BECKER, Owner. **JESSE FRASER, Clerk.**

NOTE—As Mr. Becker is leaving the country on Saturday, everything listed for this Sale must be sold for what it will bring absolutely without reserve. The above list comprises a very useful lot of good Horses, and the Threshing Outfit and Saw Mill are all in first class condition and ready to work. If you are interested in anything listed for this Sale it will be to your advantage to arrange to attend.

HEMBURY & Co.

Winslow Block

Nicholson & Switzer's Old Stand, Lacombe

Ponoka News

C. E. Purdy, of Edmonton, was visiting with his many friends in this neighborhood the weekend.

Miss Esther Johnson journeyed to Strathmore on Friday, and had Christmas dinner with her parents.

O. L. Webster has been appointed an official auditor, and school secretaries desiring their books audited should bring them to the Ponoka Land Office.

Bidinger—On Sunday, Dec. 26, to Mr. and Mrs. B. Bidinger, a daughter.

McDonald—On December 30th, to Mr. and Mrs. Colin McDonald, a daughter.

A concert and dramatic play will be given in the Brooks school-house on Tuesday, Jan. 11th, at 8 p.m. Admission, 30c. and 50c. The proceeds go to the Patriotic Fund, and as the entertainment will be a good one, there should be a crowded attendance.

A happy event occurred at the home of the bride's father, Mr. Joseph T. Eakin, at high noon on December 24th, when his eldest daughter, Mary Elida, was united in marriage to Mr. Henry Hudson Costain. The marriage was solemnized by the Rev. J. W. Wilkin, in the presence of a few intimate friends. The young couple were ably assisted by Mr. Walter Dewhurst and Miss Myrtle Eakin, sister of the bride. It will be pleasant information to our readers to learn that a New York syndicate is about to commence boring for gas on the asylum property. A representative has been looking up a promising location for some time past, and is so favorably impressed with conditions here that boring operations will be commenced on an early date. So confident is the party of the outcome that they are taking a chance—that is to say, no gas, no pay.

Clive News

Mrs. J. Herbert Thompson left on Thursday for her home in Daysland, Alta., where she will visit with her parents.

Frank Windgate, who has been east visiting, returned back to Clive on Wednesday. Frank still holds the opinion that our little burg can't be beat.

Mr. Henderson and Mr. Court motored to Edmonton last week and spent Christmas with friends in that city, returning home on Tuesday.

On Monday, Wm. Morton, Sr., had the pleasure of presenting Roy Joslin, of Clive, with a clear title deed of the lot for which Mr. Joslin held the lucky number, in the "lottery" contest. (Gosh, a lot to you Roy, and we trust that you will build a fine residence on it and help build up our little thriving city.)

J. L. Crego left on Friday for Ritchdale, Alta., to spend Xmas with his brother-in-law.

Miss Hall left on Tuesday for Calgary, where she will spend several days visiting with friends in that city.

The Christmas tree for the Church of England Sunday School is to take place on Saturday, Jan. 8th.

On Wednesday evening last the Christmas tree and entertainment given by the Methodist Church and Public School showed that the children had worked hard to learn their pieces and the different dialogues which were put on in a most befitting manner. The programme was a long one and well arranged with readings, recitations, songs, etc. The play, entitled, "Box and Cox," was the star number of the evening, and was played in good style.

PIONEER MAIL DAYS

By Edie Laurie Storor.

"The 'Flag' stood at mast head; Her Majesty's mail has arrived, And the outside world is heard from."

A.D. 1878.

In the pioneer days of the North-West Territories what was known as the Saskatchewan Mail was despatched from Winnipeg, once in every three weeks, to all points west, outside the boundary of Manitoba, via Fort Pelly, Humboldt, Duck Lake, Carlton, Battleford, and then direct to Edmonton.

The carrying of the mail was let by contract, the service to be once in three weeks, and the trip from Winnipeg to Edmonton was supposed to be accomplished in twenty-three days. The mail was carried in demountable wagons in summer and low sleighs in winter, drawn by from two to four horses according to the state of the roads. Log huts and stables were built at Fort Ellice, Touchwood Hills, Humboldt and other points along the route. These were known as mail stations, and usually a man ran a sort of "stopping house" for what he could make out of it, in addition to his pay for taking care of the relay of horses or ways kept at these stations.

Passenger and express work was carried by the mail, the fare being \$40.00 for a passenger "and grub yourself." Some carried their own supplies while others paid the regular rate of \$50c. per meal and \$2c. per night for the privilege of sleeping on the floor in their own bedding. As weight was an important consideration, the size of parcels was limited, consequently the foodstuffs which were to provide Christmas cheer for the boys "out West" began several weeks ahead to forward the essentials. One mail carried the plum-pudding, another the cake and ingredients for the pudding sauce, and so on. These were carefully guarded by the lucky recipients until all had arrived. Then friends gathered to do justice to the occasion, a wild goose or other game having been put away till Christmas morning, as a Christmas turkey was an unheard-of luxury.

Occasionally, when the roads were bad, owing to deep snow or high water in the creeks—there were few bridges in those days—the mail-drivers would lose time and consequently miss a trip. Hugh Richardson, Jr., who died recently in England, was a postmaster at Battleford, which was then the headquarters of Government of the North-West Territories. As the mail usually arrived anywhere from ten to eighteen days after its despatch from Winnipeg, he arranged to hoist the Union Jack by day and a lantern by night as a signal of its arrival.

Mail day with its tidings of good or bad news, its official news and papers from the outside world was always more or less of a holiday and afforded an opportunity of friendly chat with all the inhabitants of the district. One time in the spring of 1878 the mail was two days late, and it was feared that something had happened, for every confidence was placed in the faithfulness of the couriers. Long after sunset, John Todd, the veteran courier, who still lives at Battleford, arrived, carrying the mail, about 200 pounds in weight, upon his back. His horses had been drowned while trying to cross the swollen stream of Eagle Creek. But he had saved the mail and picked it up on his back, making the forty-eight miles in a twelve hours' tramp with nothing to eat.

These couriers had plenty of time to think as they wended their way over the vast prairies and crossed the streams. Aided by the hills as they went, they could under all sorts of climatic conditions. They were considered indisputable authority as to when the first gopher or spring hare, in the country, appeared, the first electric storm, or the fall of snow and when the bear retreated into its winter sleep. In many cases women had made the trip West unaccompanied and always spoke in the highest terms of the courtesy received from every one on the route.

One first of April it occurred to some of the citizens that it would be a joke to fool the Mounted Police boys, so the flag was hoisted on the tower and guard at the barracks soon noticed it, and a detachment was sent across for the mail. There was a new bridge being built over the Battle River, and the only way to cross was on one of the strings, twenty feet above the water and about sixty feet long. Not being experts in crossing on single timber, they had to crawl over on hands and knees, and on reaching the post office saw the notice "April Fool." The postmaster, to avoid a blessing, was shooting prairie chickens in the sand-hills, and escaped for the time being, but got it later.

THE FREEDOM OF THE SEAS AND HERR BALLIN'S INCONSISTENCY

When Herr Albert Ballin, the head of the Hamburg-American steamship line, rose to address the annual meeting of the Hamburg Shipping Union the other day, he found himself in a difficult position. He thought it inadvisable to present the usual printed annual report of activities during the last fiscal year. "With trifling exceptions," he said, the German merchant marine is interned either in German or neutral ports. But every landlocked sea power, and he was able to point out that by their very inactivity the ships of Germany had done some service to the Fatherland, for through scarcity of tonnage sea freight had risen to high figures, and England had been compelled to disburse "huge sums" for conveyance of food-stuffs and other necessities. This, he feels, was a serious economic blow to her.

Unable to speak of the past or say much about the present, Herr Ballin nevertheless laid confident plans for the future. Germany cannot be content to remain shut up in her part of the North Sea, if her fleets are to

cover all the seas she must have naval bases. It is not enough, he said, that there should be a base at Zebruggen, there must be bases "both at the entrance and at the exit of the Channel." That is easy as to Zebruggen, she is ready in German hands. Germany has that, to retain Belgium and she will have the base. But what base will she choose at the exit of the Channel? Will it be Havre? That is not the exit, Cherbourg would be better. Possibly Herr Ballin has his eye on Southampton, an ideal spot, so good that the English have always used it. Or Plymouth might do in a pinch. The trouble is that all these ports are held by the French or the English, and they exhibit a most unaccommodating disposition to hang on to them.

Still, the thing must be done, he said. The Chancellor, Mr. Herr Ballin, pointed out, has already proclaimed the freedom of the seas. "Here is an inconsistency," Herr Ballin says that Germany must have freedom of the seas, it is to continue a development so splendidly achieved during the last few decades. That development has indeed been splendid. From no particular rank Germany has risen to second place in commercial sea power. She has made the seas great advance if the seas were closed against her? What do Germans mean when they talk about freedom of the seas as something they must have, but have not enjoyed? Herr Ballin says there must be bases not only at the entrance and exit of the Channel, but across the seas, and he appears to hold the belief that neutral nations everywhere will join hands with Germany in furtherance of her ambition. In furtherance of her lawful peaceful ambitions Germany need fear no opposition save that of honorable rivalry. There lies the source of doubt, the uncertainty, the whole trouble. Germany's behavior since the end of July, 1914, has not been of a nature to impress the nations of the world with confidence in the peaceful nature of her designs. Her ships have brought upon Europe and her conduct during the war have put in the way of her commercial development on the seas and beyond the seas obstacles vastly more formidable than any England has ever thrown in her way. If she seeks her worst enemy she must look at home—New York Times.

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UNMARRIED MEN MUST JOIN COLORS OR QUIT POSITIONS

St. Thomas, Ont., Jan. 2.—Hons. T. W. C. Thomas, minister of labor, who returns to Ottawa tomorrow from his home here, intimated today that all unmarried men in the Canadian civil service who are physically fit and of military age must join colors or lose their positions. Returned soldiers, he intimated, are to be given the preference in the matter of government positions.

ROUMANIA TO HELP RUSSIA

London, Dec. 30.—In the entente capitals there is a general opinion that the Russian campaign in Bessarabia which has been undertaken in the face of unfavorable weather conditions, is likely to have an important bearing upon the whole war situation. According to one version Russia's new move is the forerunner of the impending Roumanian entry into the war on the side of the entente.

The Pall Mall's Russian correspondent writes: "Russian joint operations with Roumania are on the point of beginning. Roumania will fight with us although not without siding with the entente is not the result of French or English sympathies, but an endeavor to realize the Roumanian dream of sovereignty over Bukovina and Transylvania. As preparation for Roumania's entry into the war, Russia's aim is to reconquer Bukovina for the benefit of her new ally. This task can be accomplished in a few weeks."

"The Roumanians will then fortify the new province and march with the Russians through Bulgaria and Transylvania, while simultaneously the Italians, French, British, and Serbians, will deal blows on other fronts."

Austria backs down. London, Dec. 31.—The reply of the Austro-Hungarian government to the second note from the government of the United States in connection with the sinking of the Italian steamer Ancona by a submarine flying the Austrian flag, handed yesterday to Ambassador Penfield at Vienna, is revealed in part by a Reuter despatch from Vienna received early this morning.

The Austrian government accedes to the United States demands for reparation for the loss of American lives and punishment of the submarine commander. The note states that the com-

mander has been punished for not sufficiently taking into account the panic aboard the Ancona, which he observed before firing the torpedo, and which rendered dehydration of the steamers' passengers into lifeboats difficult.

WENT AT EACH OTHER BOTH BEING KILLED. London, Dec. 23.—Details of a recent air battle between a British and a German aviator, which ended in the destruction of both machines and the death of their occupants, are printed by the Amsterdam Telegraf, according to a despatch to Reuter's.

The British aeroplane, it is said, was flying over the district to the south of Bruges, Belgium, and dropped several bombs, one of which hit an ammunition depot, causing a heavy explosion.

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WANTS BATTALION FOR MINISTERS. Ottawa, Jan. 2.—Major-General Sir Sam Hughes believes that the church militant in Canada ought to furnish a fighting parson's battalion. The applications for positions as chaplains in the overseas forces now total upwards of a thousand, says General Sir Sam, and he has put forward the suggestion that the hundreds of clergymen anxious to serve under the colors might be organized into a real fighting unit, and carry the sword of the Lord, and of God into the firing line. If the clergymen who want to enlist accept the suggestion a fighting parson's battalion will be organized.

POLITICIANS BUNGLING WAR

The withdrawal of British troops from Anzac and Suvla Bay should meet with general approval throughout the Empire. Months ago the attack on the Gallipoli Peninsula was generally regarded as a failure, yet was maintained at the cost of a great number of lives sacrificed for the gaining of no particular advantage.

There is no sound military reason why the Dardanelles should not be in British hands today. The attack was bungled from the first. The navy opened the fight, unsupported by an army. When expeditionary forces were landed, they were landed in quite inadequate numbers, and were extremely badly handled on several critical occasions by subordinate general officers.

Gallipoli will now be classed "impracticable"—which it is not. It has been clearly established that in modern warfare there is no such thing as an impracticable position. That was made evident as long ago as the Japanese stormed the "impracticable" fortress of Port Arthur and forced it to surrender. If Port Arthur could be taken, the Gallipoli Peninsula could be taken. But the Japs took Port Arthur without stopping to weigh the cost. They realized that they had to have it. They supplied the necessary number of men and munitions to take it. They took it. The slaughter was appalling—but the taking of Port Arthur decided the war.

The British and French could have taken the Gallipoli Peninsula if they had been prepared to make the same sacrifices that the Japanese made. Their troops were of the finest quality—but their numbers were insufficient and their generals could not risk a wholesale slaughter that would have enabled them to accomplish their purpose if they had been adequately supported by the Governments of their countries.

The failures at Suvla Bay and

McTavish BUSINESS COLLEGE

Edmonton Alberta

New term starts Monday, January 3rd. Six months, \$68.50. There are cheaper schools. There are none better at any price—not many as good. Ask any of our 3,000 graduates. Drop a postal for information about courses in Business or Shorthand. Do it now and be ready for the opening.

J. C. McTavish, Prin.

FARMERS!

HERE ARE SIX REASONS WHY IT WILL PAY YOU TO INSURE YOUR PROPERTY IN THE WAWANESA MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

FIRST—Because it is owned and operated by the Farmers for their mutual benefit, and not to enrich stockholders of a company formed to accumulate wealth at the expense of the insurer or to share its profits with residents of cities, towns, or villages by insuring their property.

SECOND—The cost of insurance is not only very low, but you are not required to pay your premiums in advance unless you prefer doing so, and no interest is charged when premium notes are taken. The agent's fee is all that is required to be paid in cash.

THIRD—The Company is thoroughly reliable and long past the experimental stage, and its policies are better adapted to Farm Insurance than any others issued. The use of steam threshers permitted free of charge.

FOURTH—The cost of adjustment of loss claims are paid by the Company and not by the insured and settlements are always made on an equitable basis.

FIFTH—Insurance on Live Stock covers them against loss by fire anywhere on the farm, and by lightning anywhere in Manitoba, Saskatchewan, and Alberta. Insurance on Produce covers same while in building, also Hay and Grain in stack within forty feet thereof. Insurance on Farming Implements, Vehicles, Harness, and Robes, covers anywhere on the farm.

SIXTH—That This is the LARGEST FARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY IN CANADA, and Must Therefore Be Giving THE BEST SATISFACTION. N.B.—Members are only liable for the Unpaid Portion of Their Premium Notes.

INGLIS & CAMERON Agents Lacombe Alberta

Lacombe Bakery

Quality Bread

Our Bread Business is increasing daily, our Bread giving the fullest satisfaction. Phone our driver to call.

We carry a Fresh Line of Groceries, Confectionery, Etc.

The Lacombe Bakery

A. GILMOUR, Prop.

Anzac may be partly attributed to bad generalship—but it is more than likely that they will be recorded in military history as failures attributable to the politicians rather than to the commanders in the field.

WINTER VEGETABLES

Although the season for fresh vegetables is over, the housewife should make it a point to include a generous amount of our so-called winter vegetables in the diet. They lend a pleasing variation and are an important source of various forms of mineral ash, as iron, sulphur, etc., that is needed to "tone up" the blood.

Onions for example contain sulphur oil and are taken for insomnia. Turnips and parsnips have peculiar "only principles" of cash balance to suit purchasing value as a laxative. Cabbage and celery are excellent for survey on account of their sulphuric compound and iron.

Stuffed Onions.—6 large white Bermuda onions; 4 c. milk; 1 egg yolk; 1 c. bread crumbs; 1 c. cooked ham—ground. Cook the onions in hot salted water until almost tender. Remove the centres and chop these with the ham, seasoning the mixture to taste. Add the beaten yolk of the egg, add the milk and bread crumbs. Fill the onions with these ingredients, put a bit of butter and crumbs on top of each, place in a shallow buttered casserole and bake about 20 minutes basting with butter and hot water.

Variations.—1. Bake the boiled onions in thin white sauce with crumbs on top. 2. The onions may be filled with fresh pork sausage.—M. M. Haynes, Colorado Agricultural College, Fort Collins, Colorado.

DO YOU KNOW that this is the last winter reign of several of the small mills in this vicinity, my own included, and that the Lumber I am selling at \$13.00 per M now may cost you \$20.00 per M this time next winter? YOU SHOULD. J. B. McPherson, Bentley. (J. 5-1)

RED CROSS NOTES The Red Cross knitters and sewers will please meet at the home of Mrs. Carruthers on Friday afternoon at 2 o'clock. The Red Cross Society will hold a public meeting at the home of Mrs. Day on Friday evening at 8 o'clock. Everybody interested in Red Cross work welcome.

Curtis A. Jones Scientific Taxidermist All work done on the New Modelling Process—Lasting, Moth Proof, and Sanitary. White Furs of all kinds Cleaned at Small Cost. GLASS ST., LACOMBE.

WANTED FOR SALE ESTRAY

Hembury & Co. Dealers and Traders in New and Second-hand Furniture, Organs, Pianos, Sewing Machines, Household Specialties. (Nicholson & Switzer's Old Stand, in Winslow Block).

FOR SALE White Wyandotte Cockerels, J. C. Longmore's strain, \$1.50. N. Whitlaw, Lakeside. Phone 1702. (D. 1-4p)

WANTED A car of calves, yearlings, or steers, Shorthorn or Hereford two-year-olds mostly, or all bred. State lowest cash price per pound or head in first letter. Anthony Frederickson, Throckburn. (D. 8-3p)

NOTICE OF ESTRAY One black mare—no marks; weight about 1100; age about 10 years; came to my place about Nov. 25. Clyde Everard, finder, S.E. 1/4 14-41-2, w. 5, eight miles N.W. of Bentley, Alberta. (D. 8-3c)

STRAYED Strayed from Qr. Section S. W. 6-42-1, about two months ago, a red yearling steer; branded J.A. with half diamond over, on right rib. A suitable reward will be given to party returning same. John H. Adamson, Rimbey P. O. (D. 15-3p)

HORSE STRAY A bald-faced, white face, 12 years old, sore on right shoulder. Finder please notify D.W. Garner, Great West Stables, Lacombe, for reward. (D. 8-1c)

STRAYED Strayed from the range, four yearling steers and 4 yearling heifers, branded 4 and an inverted U surrounded by a half circle, on right ribs. Information leading to recovery will be readily rewarded. THOS. EAST, Box 570, Red Deer. Phone R 010; N. 1 Sec. 12-39-28, W. 4. (D. 15-3p)

FOR SALE One new Remington typewriter, at less than wholesale price. For Rent.—160 acres, 7 miles north-east of Clive; 160 acres 5 miles east and one mile north of Lacombe. Enquire, Richard Shilleto, Lacombe.

GONE-ESTRAY Red Cow, with white on face; two hind legs a little white; end of tail white; cow now coming in. Please notify H. H. MANN, 1 1/2 miles north of town. (D. 8-3p)

For Sale

HAY, by the ton or load stack; 30 tons for sale; \$10.00 cash; balance in one or two years. One brick house, 8 rooms, painted roof, furnace, bath-room, large cistern; two thousand, one hundred and sixty acres of land. Will sell all or part at one-third cash, balance on reasonable time. One warehouse storage-room for machinery or furniture; 2 business lots for sale. Enquire, RICHARD SHILLETO, Lacombe. (N. 24-4c)

For Sale at the Planing Mill

I am manufacturing Egg, Butter, and Chicken Boxes. A Stock on Hand. Sash, Window, and Door Frames made to order. Planing, Ripping, Turning, and Band Sawing at Factory Prices.

Henry T. Bell, Prop.

Mrs. S. Clarke

Bakery and Confectionery. Orders taken for Xmas Cake.

Nanton St. Next to Rex Theatre

Mrs. Rose Greve

For your party or ball engage Mrs. Greve's Orchestra—Violin, Piano, and Drum (more instruments when desired). The latest dance music just received. Our price within reason. Our act takes us to you on short notice anywhere. Box 33, or residence, Nanton Street, or Phone.

O. B. MOORE

Real Estate, Loans, Insurance Listings Wanted. Horses For Sale. Dealer in Live Stock of all kinds. RIMBEY, ALBERTA.

